Spiders newly observed in Czechia in recent years overlooked or invasive species?



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Introduction: new species every year! But why?

Spiders are **among the best-known** invertebrate groups in



Central Europe.

New species as a result of still-incomplete state of faunistic research or real temporal changes?

We aimed to distinguish the **overlooked species** from actual **new colonizers**.

OR

Expansions global warming Introductions material transport



Materials & Methods

• Růžička and Buchar (2008) last

evaluated the Czech spider fauna.

- New records from 2008 2020
- We evaluated the history, distribution and habitat.





47 new spider species





NATIVE

not yet observed species

14 new spider species

NATIVE: not yet observed species

History: present but not observed

Habitat: unique or difficult to access, arachnologically unexplored at present. Result of application of **new collection methods** or focus on **previously omitted regions**.

Distribution: Rare, only in some regions, often at the edge of the distributional area.

14 new spider species

Not yet observed: Subterranean habitats





Not yet observed: 4th Eresus for Czechia!





Not yet observed: South Moravia





Zelotes mundus

Sandy xerothermic habitat, southern Moravia



Not yet observed:

stones & mosses in Western Bohemia





Not yet observed: Wetlands



Caviphantes saxetorum

Stony riverbank in a lowland forest

Erigone cristatopalpus

Glacial corrie

Pardosa tenuipes

Wet **meadow** adjacent to wetlands, northern Moravia



Not yet observed: Steppes









NEWLY DISTINGUISHED

spider species

2 new spider species

Newly distinguished species



species almost indistinguishable



History: **Present but not distinguished from other species**. Newly distinguished due to **taxonomic progress**.



Habitat: Any.



Distribution: Any.







NEW COLONIZERS

thermophilic expanding species

> 12 new spider species

thermophilic expanding species





History: Absent from the **arachnologically well known regions** in the past. The probability that they had previously been overlooked there is very low.



Habitat: Often newly created habitats such as mining areas. They are colonised *de novo*, thus the expanding species **do not compete** with native species.



Distribution: Known to **occur south of Central Europe**, usually absent north of Central Europe, usually first appear in southern Moravia.

thermophilic expanding: Orb weavers





thermophilic expanding.^{Theridiids} diversity in quarries





thermophilic expanding: Also in Bohemia





thermophilic expanding: Clay pits





thermophilic expanding: Moravia



Gnaphosa modestior Heliophanus simplex Sintula spiniger Open xerothermic habitats, Grassland **Ruderal** vegetation adjacent partly newly created to crop fields



NATURE INVASIVE

NATURE NON-INVASIVE

URE VASIVE



NEW COLONIZERS

Introduced by humans to the NATURE

3 new spider species

INVASIVE: Introduced by humans to natural habitats: expanding their range



TRUE INVASIVE SPECIES – native on other continents (North America)



History: Introduced by humans and expanding their range.



Habitat: Variety of natural habitats, often disturbed.



Distribution: Native on other continents, often North America.

INVASIVE: Introduced by humans to natural habitats: expanding their range



Mermessus trilobatus

Various open habitats, including relict habitats (peat

bogs, heathlands, relic steppe or alpine grasslands)

or cultivated fields.





Good ballooner, most invasive spider in Europe.

First near Karlsruhe in 1981, expansion eastwards, 33 km/year (Ostearius 30 km/year - Růžička 1995).

It does not tend to be dominant.

NON-INVASIVE:

Introduced by humans to natural habitats



ALIEN but NON-INVASIVE SPECIES – lack invasive tendencies



History: Newly introduced by humans.



Habitat: Disturbed habitats in nature.



Distribution: Sites of introduction **isolated** from the continuous distribution area of the species.

Zodarion ohridense

Dry abandoned **quarry.**



silken shelters attached to

solid objects on the ground



NEW COLONIZERS

Introduced by humans to the BUILDINGS



BUILDINGS

NON-EXPANSIVE

BUILDINGS EXPANSIVE



14 new spider species

EXPANSIVE: introduced to heated buildings



EXPANSIVE SPECIES – further spreading



History: Newly introduced by humans and expanding their range.



Habitat: All kinds of heated buildings, **absent in nature**.



Distribution: Mainly subtropical regions.



EXPANSIVE: introduced to heated buildings







EXPANSIVE: Pholcidae













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History: Newly introduced by humans.



Habitat: Large heated buildings with complex synanthropic habitats, such as **large** greenhouses with high air humidity and rich prey resources, in **ZOO-s and botanical** gardens, absent in nature.



Distribution: Mainly tropical regions.

NON-EXPANSIVE: introduced to heated buildings







NON-EXPANSIVE: Haplogynous spiders





SINGLE INDIV.

No populations estabilished



SINGLE INDIVIDUALS

no populations estabilished

2 new spider species

Single individuals: no populations estabilished

SINGLE INDIVIDUALS – introduced by human



History: Introduced with material, for example, **fruit**.



Habitat: Any, occurrence is limited by the life span of the introduced **individual**.

Distribution: Any.





Conclusion





Tomorrow...





Global warming 10 TO 10

AND

Material transport

OUTCOMPETITION

ALIEN species expansion



NATIVE species suppression

Thank you for your attention



Take-home message





Knowledge of the indigenous Central European fauna is **close to complete**.



The majority of newly recorded species likely came to this region recently.



Half of them are likely thermophilic species that expanded their distribution to the north, possibly due to global warming.



The second half are subtropical or tropical species introduced to heated buildings.



Only **few species were introduced into natural habitats** and expanded there (invasive species)

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